

Tsippi Fleischer
Girl-Butterfly-Girl, Op. 4

Song Cycle
Texts: poems by Lebanese and Syrian poets (Sung in Arabic)
Version for soprano and orchestra (1977/2012)
Duration: 10 minutes

צippi Fleischer

נערה-פרפר-נערה, אופ' 4

מחזור שירים

טקסטים: שירים מושרים מלبنנון ומסוריה (מושר בערבית)

גiroshe لـسoprano وتـزـمـورـات (1977/2012)

تـزـمـورـات: 10 دـقـائق



ISRAEL MUSIC INSTITUTE
מכון למוסיקה הישראלית

- b -

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IMI 62284X

Printed in Israel February 2017

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Tsippi Fleischer (b. 1946) is considered the first internationally-established woman composer from the Middle East; she has been marked for her contribution to contemporary music, and received many international awards and residency scholarships. Her academic achievements also include Bachelor's degrees in music theory and composition and in Oriental Studies, and Master's degrees in Music Education and in Semitic Linguistics; in 1995, she was awarded a PhD in Musicology for her dissertation on Cherubini's Medée. Her works have been performed in over 40 cities around the world (including major cultural capitals) by renowned soloists, ensembles, choirs and orchestras, and preserved on over 20 commercial CDs.

Tsippi Fleischer's music brings together diverse stylistic and cultural influences, including the languages and musical styles of the Middle East (from ancient languages to modern Hebrew and Arabic), and European traditions from the Renaissance to the avant-garde and electronic music. Her oeuvre includes: seven symphonies; five operas; two oratorios; the cantata «Like Two Branches», based on a poem by a 6th-century Arab poetess, which represents the culmination of the composer's stylistic achievement; a large number of song cycles; multi-media works in ancient Semitic languages; and more.

For several decades, Dr. Tsippi Fleischer lectured at the Department of Music, Levinsky College of Education, Tel Aviv, and served as Special Projects and Forums Moderator there. She taught several generations of musicians who are now making their mark on the Israeli and international music scene in composition, conducting, performance and education. Since her retirement from regular teaching in 2005, alongside her intense activity as a composer, she has been summarizing her impressive decades-long period of music teaching and research into the history and analysis of Hebrew song, including the two-volume treatise, «The Harmonization of Songs», and the large-scale monograph «Matti Caspi: The Magic and the Enigma».

More details, including a comprehensive work-list, bibliography and discography, are available on the composer's website, <http://www.tsippi-fleischer.com>.

Fu'ad Rifka - born in 1933 in the village of Kafrun, Syria, studied at the American University in Beirut. In the 50s he served as an officer in the Syrian army and, after demobilization, furthered his studies in Germany. He translated into Arabic a selection of poems by the German poet Reiner Maria Rilke, who influenced his work to a certain degree.

Shauki Abi Shakra - born in 1935 in Mazra'at al-Shawk, Lebanon, stood out among the young poets who participated in the poetry quarterly «Shi'r» during the 60s. He taught in Beirut and later became a journalist. His poetry is daring both in content and language and his syntax is always surprising as it contains elements of folk speech as well as reflections of European structures.

Muhammad al-Maghut - born in 1932 in the village of Salmiya (near Hamma) in Syria, lived alternately in Damascus and Beirut. He published a number of volumes of poetry which, to a large extent is experimental and unbound by meter or a regular rhyme scheme.

Unsi al-Hajj - born in 1939 to a family of intellectuals and writers, was a prolific poet and active journalist in Beirut. He made his mark as a poet in the «Shi'r» Quarterly with his surprisingly free style, foreign to the spirit of Arabic poetry, and with the distinctly surrealistic nature of his poems. All his poems are rhymeless and meterless and he consistently disregards the normative rules of Arabic syntax.

Sasson Somekh, scholar and translator of contemporary Arabic poetry, is a Professor Emeritus in this field at Tel Aviv University, and served as visiting professor at Princeton University, Cambridge university and Oxford University during the 80s. Born in Baghdad in 1933, in his youth he was in contact with the most important of Iraqi poets and had his own work published in Iraqi journals. He came to Israel in 1951 since when he has published translations and critical essays in the Israeli press, both in Hebrew and Arabic. In 1953, together with Prof. David Semah, he established the Association of Friends of Arabic Literature in Israel. His doctoral dissertation was devoted to the novels of the Egyptian writer Naguib Mahfouz. His translations often achieve the heights of poetry in their own right.

GIRL – BUTTERFLY – GIRL

This song cycle is one of my earliest works and reflects the inception of the oriental stylistic tendency in my music. Vocal expressionism and modal impressionism are affirmed in phrases which climb upwards sharply, in typical instrumental interludes, in the combination of chords creating chromaticism which is a substitute for the microtones of Arab scales, and in open musical forms which grow out of fidelity to the text. The musical language mirrors the surrealistic-folkloristic atmosphere evoked by the words of the poems. The Arab keys (maqamat) are used as scales possessing common melodic figures, and these scales give rise to a particular harmonic functionality.

I collected the lyrics from contemporary Lebanese and Syrian poetry which I had researched during my studies with Prof. Sasson Somekh at the Tel Aviv University between the years 1970-1973.

I have forged a dramatic line which links the four poems I have chosen. The first song expresses the loneliness of a man who has built himself a refuge in the sands of the desert; in the second this loneliness becomes the anguish of a wanderer who can find no rest. In the third one, his distress reaches its height: the man has lost his life's direction and is on the brink of madness frantically trying to find something to hold on to — be it only a nail! The fourth song represents the calm after the storm which brings a spark of optimism and is sung without accompaniment, as if in a dream.

This song cycle is performed here for the first time with a symphony orchestra (being sung in Arabic).

This arrangement brings an expansion of the timbre and the harmonic language, a further development of the familiar root.

For listening to this version through the composer's website:

<http://www.tsippi-fleischer.com/disco200013>

ציפי פליישר (נ' 1946) נחשבת למלחינה-האה הראשתונה בעלת מוניטין בינלאומי מהנדרת התקין; היא ידועה בתורמתה למוסיקה העכשווית, זכתה בפרסים בינלאומיים רבים, כמו גם במלגות שהייתה לצורך הלחנה. הישגיה האקדמיים כוללים: תארים ראשונים בהלחנה, בתיאוריה מוסיקלית ובמחזחות; תארים שניים בחינוך מוסיקלי ובשפות שונות; ודוקטורט (1995) מטעם אוניברסיטת בר-אילן, בזכות התizzaה שלה על האופרה "מדיאה" מאת קרובני. יצירותה בוצעו במעלה 40 ערים ברחבי העולם על ידי סולנים, אנסמבלים, מקהילות ותזמורות, ותעדו במעלה 20 תקליטורים.

המוסיקה של ציפי פליישר משקפת מגוון השפעות אגנויות ותרבותיות, ובכלל זה השפנות והסגנונות המוסיקליים של המזרח התקין (מהשפות העתיקות ועד לעברית וערבית בניות-זמןנו), ומסורת אירופאית מהנסנס ועד לאונגריך והמוסיקה האלקטונית. בין יצירותיה ניתן למנות: שבע סימפוניות; ארבע אופרות; הקנטטה "כשני ענפים", המבוססת על פואמה מאה שנים-ago מהמאה השישית, ומיצגת את הישגיה הסוגניים של המלחינה במיטבם; מחזורי שירים רבים; יצירות מולטי-מדיה בשפות שונות עתיקות; ועוד.

ד"ר פליישר כהנה במשך שנים רבות כמורה למוסיקה במכילת לינוק בתל-אביב, ושימשה כמנחה של פרויקטים מיוחדים ופורומים במסגרת זו. היא חינכה מספר דורות של מוסיקאים שהשפעתם ניכרת בישראל ובעולם בתחום הלחנה, הניצוח, הביצוע והחינוך. מאז פרישתה מההוראה סדירה בשנת 2005, באז עיסוקה האנטנסיבי בהלחנה, היא שקועה בסוכום פעולה כמורה וחוקרת בתחום ההיסטורי והניטוח של הזמר העברי. בתחום זה, יצא לאור ספר בן שני כרכים, "הירמן שירים", והמנוגרפיה פרי-עטה "מתוי כספי - הקסם והחידה".

פרטים נוספים - כולל רשימת יצירות מקיפה,ביבליוגרפיה וdiskografie - ניתן למצוא באתר המלחינה: <http://www.tsippipi-fleischer.com/indexh.asp>.

פודך ריפקה - נולד בשנת 1933 בכפר פָּרָעָן שבסוריה, ולמד באוניברסיטה האמריקאית בביירות. בשנות החמישים שירת כקצין בצבא הסורי ולאחר שחזרו יצא ללימוד בגרמניה. תרגם לעברית מבחר משיריו של המשורר הגרמני רינגר מריה רילקה, והשפעתו של משורר זה ניכרת במידה-מה ביצירתו.

שיקי אבִי-שְׁקָנָא - נולד בשנת 1935 בפאלאט אל-שְׁקָנָא שבלבנון, ובולט בין המשוררים הצעיריים שהשתתפו במסגרת הרבעון לשירה "שַׁעַר" בשנות ה-60. עסק בהוראה בbijיות ואחר-כך בעיתונות. שירותו נועד בתכנית ובלשונה ותחבירו מפתח עמיד, כשהוא משלב בתוכו יסודות מלשון העם עם מבנים מלשנות אירופה.

מוחמד אל-פַּאגַ'אַט - נולד בשנת 1932 ככפר סלימה (ליד חמה) בסוריה. הוא נהג להציגו בدمשך ובbijיות לסירוגין. פירסם מספר ספרי שירה. שירותו אקספרימנטאלית במידה רבה, והוא משוחררת ממשקל ומחזירה קבועה.

אֲקֵסִי אל-פַּאגַ' - נולד בשנת 1939 למשפחה מושכלים וסופרים. היה משורר פורה ועיתוני פעיל בbijיות. התבלט מעל דפי הרבעון "שַׁעַר" בשירותו המפתחית, המשוחררת, חזקה לחות השירה הערבית והנושאת אופי סוריאלי-סמי מובהק. כל שירו כתובים ללא חרוז ומשקל, והוא מרובה לחרוג מכללי התחביר העברי הנורמאטיבי.

שושן סומך, חוקר השירה הערבית המודרנית וმთרגמה, מכון דרך קבוע כפרופסור אמריטוס בתחום זה באוניברסיטת תל-אביב, ואף כיהן כפרופסור אורח באוניברסיטאות פרינסטן, קיימברידג' ואוקספורד במשך שנים ה-80. הוא נולד בגדד 1933, קים בצעירותו קשר עם גדי משוריין עיראק ופירסם מפרי עטו בעיתוני עיראק. עליה ארצתה בשנת 1951 ומאז פירסם תרגומים וвиוקות בעיתונות הישראלית בערבית ובערבית. בשנת 1953 ייסד עם פרופ' דוד צמח את מועדון יידיזי הספרות הערבית בישראל. את עבודות הדוקטורט שלו ייחד לרומנים של הסופר המצרי נجيب מחフז. תרגמו מתעלים לעיתים קרובות עד כדי שירה בפני עצמה.

נעורה – פרפר – נעורה

מחזoor שירים זה הוא מיצירותיו המוקדמות והוא משקף את בסיס התהוותו של ענף הסגנון המזרחי שביצירתי: אקספרסיוניזם ווקאלי ואימפרסיוניזם מודרני מקבלים את ביטויים בפראזות המטפסות מעלה באופן חר, באינטלקטדים כליים טיפוסיים, בציורי אקורדים היוצרים כרומטיקה שהיא תחליף למיקרטונים בסולמות הערביים ובצורות מוסיקליות פתוחות מתוך הטעסט.

האוירה הפולקלורי-סוריאלית, האופיינית למילוט השירים, משתקפת אף בשפה המוסיקלית. המקאמאת הערבאים מנוצלים כסולמות בעלי פינות מלודיות משותפות וכיווצרי פונקציונליות הרמוניית מיוחדת במינה. יוצרה זאת מתחפינת בעשור גרסאות: ניתן לבצע אותה בשלוש שפות (ערבית, אנגלית, ערבית) ובגרסאות שונות, אשר תמיד יש להבחן בהן אחד משנה כיוננים: מזרחי או מערבי.

את המילים ליקטתי מתוך השירה המודרנית לבנון ובסוריה שהתודעה אליה חורך כדי לימודי אצל פרופ' ששון סומך אוניברסיטת תל-אביב בשנים 1970-1973. יצרתי חוט דרמטי המקשר בין ארבעת השירים שבחרתי: בשיר הראשון מתבטה בדידותו של אדם, אשר בנה לו מחלת עפר בתוך המדבר; בשיר השני בדידות זאת הופכת לסבל נדודים של אדם, שאינו מוצא לו מנוח ונזדק לכל עבר. בשיר השלישי המזוקה בשיה – אדם איבד את אפיק חייו, הוא עומד על סף הטירוף ומhapus לוא רק מסמר להיאחז בו. השיר הרביעי הוא השקט שלאחר הסערה. הוא מביא את שביב האופטימיות, ומושך על-ידי הזמרת לא ליווי, כבמעין חלום.

רק כשסיימת את מלאכת הלחנה גיליתי כי בשלושת השירים הראשונים מופיעה המילה "מדבר".

המחזoor "נעורה-פרפר-נעורה" מבוצע כאן לראשונה בגרסה בערבית עם ליווי של תצמורת סימפונית (מושר בערבית!).
השפה הרמוניית והגון עברו עיבוי ניכר.

ניתן להאזין לגרסה זו באתר המלחינה בקישור הבא:
<http://www.tsippi-fleischer.com/disco200013.html>

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. PIECE OF EARTH | ١. الضيغة |
| 2. EYELIDS | ٢. الرموش |
| 3. THE COFFIN WITH ITS LID REMOTE | ٣. النعش ذو الغطاء البعيد |
| 4. GIRL-BUTTERFLY-GIRL | ٤. فتاة فراشة فتاة |

Instrumentation:

2 Flutes (2nd. Fl. / A. Fl.)
2 Clarinets in B♭
2 Oboes (2nd. Ob. / E. Hn.)
2 Bassoons
Percussion (one player): Mar., Xyl., Gong, Glock.
Piano
Harp

Violin I
Violin II
Viola
Violoncello
Double Bass

- h -

Song I

English translation

PIECE OF EARTH

On the piece of earth with melancholy stars fid-d̤ay'ati-lhaz̤īnatin-nujūm
 To God I built a cavern banaytu līl'ilāhi
 Filled with light. magh̤āratan 'ada'tuhā
 And nights I spent in its sand sahirtu fi ramādīhā
 With the priest - he of the seasons of green. ma'a kāhini-lmawāsimi-lkhadrā.
 In secret places of the desert wakāna min majāhili-lbarārī
 Wrapped in a virgin cloudlet mulat̤h̤aman bighaymatin 'adhrā
 To me would he then come yajī'unī,
 His feet knew me ta'nifunī kħutā
 As edges of the stones, they knew me. ta'nifu 'anni šafatun līlħijāt.
 And behold, there was morning <...> wadħħata ūbħiñ <...>

Fu'ad Rifka
 English: Gila Abrahamson

Phonetic transliteration of the Arabic (original text)

AD-DAY'A

The phonetic signs for the special consonants are listed according to the order of their appearance in the song.

Phonetic Key

d̤	emphatic d ¹	dħ	as th in English this
'	voiced pharyngeal consonant ²	t̤	emphatic t ¹
ħ	voiceless pharyngeal fricative consonant ³	š	as sh in ship
j	as j in Jack	ṣ	emphatic s ¹
'	glottal stop	ā	long a
gh	as r in French mère without vibration of the uvula	ī	long i
kħ	as ch in German Buch	ū	long u
ħ	as th in English think		

Fu'ad Rifka

Table for Piano

[4] very high

[3] high

[2] middle

[1] low

pedal always

Cluster in both hands, touch softly in the frame of octave + triton with the whole hand-palms on white keys, and fingers on black keys; two hands together including lifting gradually the pedal for decresc.

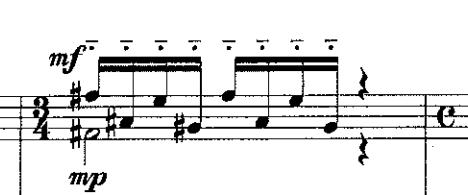
Score in C

SONG I

Tsippi Fleischer
(1977 / 2012)

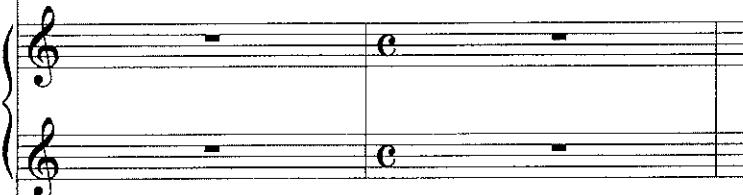
5

2 Fls. 

2 Obs. 

2 Cls in B♭ 

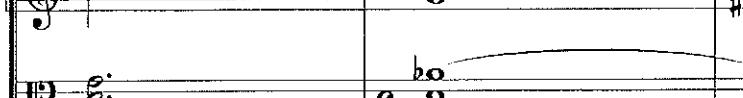
2 Bns. 

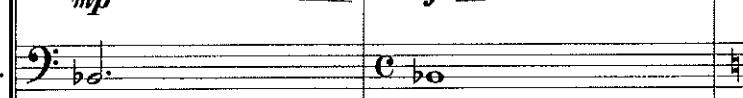
Hp. 

Sop. 

Vln I 

Vln II 

Vla. 

Vcl. 

D. B. 

3

accel.

A Tempo $\text{♩} = 72$

rit.

Scherzando, leggiero $\text{♩} = 110$

11

2 Fls.

2 Obs.

2 Cls in Bb

2 Bns.

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp.

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla.

Vcl.

D. B.

MA - GHA - RA - TAN 'A - DA' - TU-HA

f

p

l. obligato

mf

f

mp

mp

mp

f

mp

f

f

sub.mp

sub.mp

mp

rit.

18

ff obligato *3 3* *mp* *a tempo* *Più lento*

2 Fls

2 Obs

2 Bns

Xyl

Mar.

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl.

D. B.

18

ff obligato *3 3* *mp* *a tempo* *Più lento*

f *mf* *sub. mf* *à2 mp* *p* *p*

sub. f *mp* *p*

sub. f *mp* *p*

sub. f *mp* *p*

(*mp*) *p*

SA - HIR - TU FI RA - MA - DI - HA MA-A

5

27

2 Fls. *mf* *a2* *sub.f* *rit.* *ff* *a2* *cresc. + accel.* *#p*

2 Obs. *mp* *a2* *f* *a2* *#p*

2 Cls in B_b *a2* *c* *f* *a2* *#p*

2 Bns. *a2* *c* *b2* *f*

Hp. *bisb.* *p*

Sop. , *f*
KA - HI - NIN — KA - HI - NIL - MA - WA - SI - MIL - KHAD - RA

Vln I. *mf* *sub.f* *ff* *mp*

Vln II. *mf* *f* *ff* *mp*

Vla. *mp* *f* *mp*

Vcl. *mp* *f* *mp*

D. B. *mp* *f* *mp*

35

2 Fls

2 Obs

2 Cls in B♭

2 Bns

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl.

D. B.

WA - KA - NA MIN MA-JA - HI - LIL-BA-RA - RJ MU - LATH - THA - MAN BI - GHAY -

f *p*

mp > p

sub. mp *mp*

mf > mp

p

f *p*

f *p*

f *p*

f *p*

Tempo guisto $\text{d} = 84$

7
43

2 Fls. C $\text{mf} \leftarrow \text{f}$ C p C *obligato* C

2 Obs. C mp f C C C f

Cls in B \flat C mp f C mf C p C

2 Bns. C C 3 4 5 4 5 4 C p C

Hp. C C 3 4 5 4 5 4 C C

Sop. C mp C f C C C C C C

- MA - TIN 'ADH - RA YA - JI - 'U - NI TA' - RI - FU - NI KHU - TA TA' - RI - FU 'AN - NI ŠA - FA - TUN LIL - HI - JAR

43

Vln I. C mp C f C mf C p C

Vln II. C mp C f C mf C p C

Vla. C mp C f C mf C p C

Vcl. C $\text{div. } \text{f}$ unis. C mf C p C

D. B. C mp C f C C C C C

Tempo primo $\text{♩} = 72$

48

2 Fls. *obligato*

2 Obs. *obligato I.*

Cls in B \flat

2 Bns. *obligato III.*

Xyl.

Mar.

Sop.

Vln I. *obligato II.*

Vln II.

Vla.

Vcl.

D. B.

obligato

obligato I.

obligato III.

obligato II.

f

mf

mp

p

ff

pp

WA

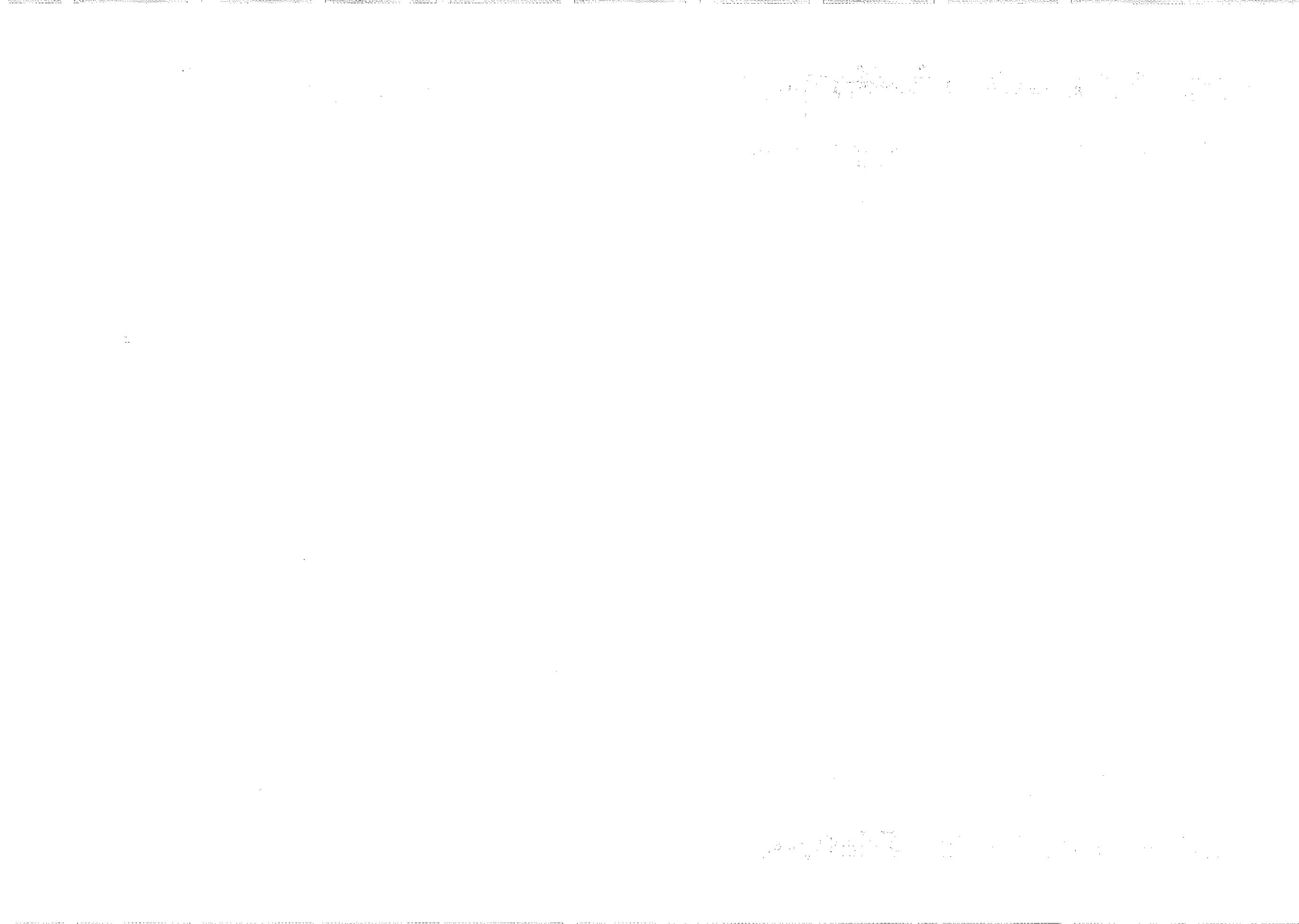
DHA

TA

SUB

HIN

mp



Song II

English translation

EYELIDS

Will you tell my haggard mother
A demon with a tray of fire
Sprinkled salt
On both my eyes, and was gone.
He threw me like a ball
Amidst the feet of tribesmen
Amidst giant demons.
And they kicked me up high
Towards the desert sands
They took from my fingers
A gift-ring,
And gold of my eyelids.

Phonetic transliteration of the Arabic (original text)

AR-RUMŪŠ

'akħbirū 'umīn-naħħila
'anna 'ifritān laħu tħasatu nār
raħxa mħħan
fawka 'aynayya waṭār.
ħaṭṭani kalkurati
bayna siġġani-lkabila
wal'afarīti-lkibar
labaṭuni 'aliyan
ṣawba-lkifar
'akħadħu min 'isba'

The phonetic signs for the
special consonants are listed
according to the order of their
appearance in the song.

Phonetic Key

ħ	glottal stop	ā long a
ħ	as ch in German Buch	ī long i
ħ	voiceless pharyngeal fricative consonant ¹	ū long u
ħ	voiced pharyngeal consonant ²	
t	emphatic t ³	
š	as sh in ship	
ķ	uvular k	
ś	emphatic s ³	
dħ	as th in English this	

Shawki Abi-Shakra
English: Gila Abrahamson

Šawki Abī Šakrā

SONG II

Score in C

Tsippi Fleischer
(1977 / 2012)

$\text{♩} = 168$

2 Flutes ff

2 Clarinets in B \flat ff

2 Bassoons ff

Xylophone

Marimba

Harp

Soprano ff
'AKH-BI - RU 'AKH-BI - RU 'UM - MIN - NA -

Violin I ff

Violin II ff

Viola ff

Violoncello div. ff

Double Bass ff

6

2 Fls

2 Cls in B \flat

2 Bns

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp

Sop.

- HI - LA 'AN - NA 'IF - RI - TAN LA-HU TA - SA-TU NAR _____ RAŠ - ŠA MIL - HAN FAW - KA 'AY

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

This musical score page contains ten staves of music. The top five staves feature woodwind and brass instruments: two flutes (2 Fls), two clarinets in B-flat (2 Cls in B \flat), two bassoons (2 Bns), a xylophone (Xyl.), and a marimba (Mar.). The bottom five staves feature brass, percussion, and strings: a horn (Hp), a soprano voice (Sop.) with lyrics, two violins (Vln I, Vln II), a cello (Vla), a double bass (D. B.), and a cello section divided (Vcl. div.). The music is set in common time (indicated by '8') and includes measures with 2/4 time signatures. Dynamic markings such as forte (f) and piano (p) are present. The soprano vocal line includes lyrics in three languages: English ('- HI - LA'), Czech (''AN - NA 'IF - RI - TAN LA-HU TA - SA-TU NAR _____ RAŠ - ŠA MIL - HAN FAW - KA 'AY'), and possibly another language starting with 'SA' in the first measure. The score is numbered '6' at the top left and page '3' at the top right.

19

2 Fls

2 Cls in B \flat

2 Bns

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp

Sop.

- TI - BAY - NA SI - KA - NIL - KA - BI - LA WAL - A - FA - RI - TIL - KI - BAR

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

6

26

ff

a2

ff

b2.

Instrumental interlude

2 Fls

2 Cls in B \flat

2 Bns

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp

Sop.

LA - BA - TU NI 'A - LI - YAN SAW - BAL KI - FAR

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

Instrumental
interlude continued

32

2 Fls

2 Cls in B \flat

2 Bns

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl.
div.

D. B.

A-KHA - DHU MIN 'IS-BA -

38

2 Fls.

2 Cls in B♭

2 Bns

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

senza rit.

KHA - TI - MAN WA-RU - MU - ŠIDH - DHA-HA-BIY - YA

Song III

English translation

THE COFFIN WITH ITS LID REMOTE

I stand alone on the brink of madness
Like an infant who stands upon a window ledge
There's no moon in the heavens
No beloved waits in my bed
And my childhood remote
My old age is remote
My country remote
And I rush to and fro
Like a sightless stream that has strayed from
its course in foul weather.
I am envious of the nail
That has wooden boards to embrace,
to protect it
I am envious of the corpses dripping blood
that in the desert lie
For having blackbirds to amuse them,
Shrieking out their song for them.
Muhammad al-Maghut
English: Gila Abrahamson

Phonetic transliteration of the Arabic (original text)

AN-NA'ŠU DHU-LGHATĀ-LBA'ID

'innanī 'aķifu 'alā ḥāfati-ljunūn
kamā yakifut-tiflu 'alā ḥāfatin-nāfidħha
la-lķamaru fis-samā'i
la ḥabibati fis-sarīr
tufūlati ba'īda
kuhūlati ba'īda
waṭanī ba'īd
wa'anā 'uharwīlu
kanahtrin ḍarīr
faķada majrāhu fi-l-āṣifa.
'aħsidu-lmismāra
li'anna hunāka kħašaban
yadummuhu
'aħsidu ('anā) hatta-ljuthathd-dāmiyata
fiş-ṣaħħra
li'anna hunāka għirbānan tu'nisuha
watan'a kū li'ajliħā
Muhammad (a)l-Maghūt

The phonetic signs for the
special consonants are listed
according to the order of their
appearance in the song.

Phonetic Key

χ	glottal stop	kh as ch in German Buch
ķ	uvular k	š as sh in ship
‘	voiced pharyngeal consonant ¹	th as th in English thick
ḥ	voiceless pharyngeal fricative consonant ²	ħ as r in French mère without vivation of the uvula
j	as j in Jack	ā long a
ṭ	emphatic t ³	ī long i
dħ	as th in English this	ū long u
ḍ	emphatic d	
s	emphatic s	

SONG III

Score in C

Tsippi Fleischer
(1977 / 2012)

Moderato $\text{♩} = 98$ (or slower)

rit.

Tempo $\text{♩} = 108$

Tempo I $\text{♩} = 98$

2 Flutes

Oboe I

Oboe II

Clarinet in B \flat I

Clarinet in B \flat II

2 Bassoons

Harp

Soprano

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Violoncello

Double Bass

'IN-NA-NI 'A-KI - FU 'A-LA HA-FA-

different assymetrical rapid
recitation for each flute

3

simile

2 Fls à^2 *mf* *mp* *mf*

Ob. I *obligato* *mf*

Ob. II *mf* *mp* *(mp)* *mf*

Cl. in B \flat I *(mp)*

Cl. in B \flat II *mp*

2 Bsns *(mp)* *(mp)* *mf*

Hp

Sop. à^2 *mf*

Vln I *(mp)*

Vln II *(mp)*

Vla *(mp)*

Vcl. div. *(mp)* *p* *mf*

D. B. *(mp)*

different assymetrical rapid recitation for each flute

KA - MA YA - KI - FUT - TIF LU 'A - LA HA - FA - TIN - NA - FI - DHA AN -

simile

12

rit. sempre

a tempo

2 Fls

Ob. I

Ob. II

Cl. in B♭ I

Cl. in B♭ II

2 Bns

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

- NA - FI - DHA

(mf)

f

pizz.

f pizz.

(mf)

20

2 Fls

Ob. I

Ob. II (f) *mf*

Cl. in B♭ I

Cl. in B♭ II

2 Bns *p*

Hp (f)

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div. (f)

D. B. (f)

LAL - KA - MA - RU FIS - SA - MA - 'I LA HA - BI - BA - TI FIS - SA - RIR — TU -

20

mp

mp

mp

mp

mp

mp

un poco rit.

melts

A Tempo

11

Instrumental interlude

♩ = 110

33

accel.

♩ = 110

2 Fls. *f*

Ob. I

Ob. II

Cl. in B♭ I *f*

Cl. in B♭ II *f*

2 Bns.

Xyl. *f*

Mar. *f*

Sop. *v*
-HAR - WI - LU KA - NAH - RIN DA RIR FA - KA - DA MAJ - RA - HU FIL - 'A - SI - FA

33

Vln I *f*

Vln II *f*

Vla *f*

Vcl. div. *f*

D. B. *f*

41

2 Fls.

Ob. I (mf)

Ob. II (mf)

Cl. in B♭ I

Cl. in B♭ II

2 Bns.

Xyl.

Mar.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

accel.

a2

f

f

f

ff

ff

f

f

f

f

a tempo

47 *à 2 flz.*

2 Fls. *mp-p*

Ob. I *mp-p*

Ob. II *mp-p*

Cl. in B♭ II *p*

Cl. in B♭ II *p*

2 Bns. *mp*

Hp *mp*

Sop. *mp*

Vln I *mp*

Vln II *mp*

Vla *mp*

Vcl. div. *mp*

D. B. *mp*

espr.

AH - SI - DUL - MIS - MA - RA LI - AN - NA HU - NA - KA KHA - ŠA - BAN YA - DUM - MU - HU AH - SI - DU 'A - NA HAT - TAL - JU - THA - THAD -

52

2 Fls. *f*

2 Obs. *f*

2 Cls. *f*

2 Bns. *f*

Xyl.

Mar.

Hp

Sop. *ff*
- DA - MI - YA - TA FIS - SAH - RA LI - 'AN - NA HU - NA - KA GHIR - BA - NAN TU' - NI - SU - HA WA - TAN - 'A - KU LI - 'AJ - LI - HA
*fff sing/
speak/
shout*

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

rit.

Song IV

Table for Piano Song IV

Mallets

- | | | | |
|----------|--|----------|---------|
| 1 | middle high | 6 | high |
| 2 | under middle high | 7 | higher |
| 3 | above middle high | 8 | highest |
| 4 | low | | |
| 5 | middle high trill (bar 79) | | |
| 5 | middle on strings, first octave (bar 94) | | |

Always touch quite slowly and only once!! with one/both mallets according to what is written. When with both mallets- hold mallets and swift/act (=play) in contradictal direction, in the length of one bar with pedal on strings (sound will continue naturally).

English translation	Phonetic transliteration of the Arabic (original text)
GIRL-BUTTERFLY-GIRL A girl dreamed that she was a butterfly When she arose She did not know if she was A girl who had dreamed she was a butterfly Or A butterfly dreaming that it was a girl. Hundreds of years went by, Children, In the evening, a gentle breeze A girl, a boy, are running like a butterfly Dreaming it's a girl and boy Dreaming they're a butterfly... All was torn apart outside, Children, A butterfly.	FATĀT FARĀŠA FATĀT ḥalimat fatātun 'annahā farāšatun waķāmat falam ta'ud ta'rifu 'idhā kānat fatātan ḥalimat 'annahā farāšatun 'aw farāšatun taħlamu 'annahā fatātun. ba'da mi'ātin minas-sinīn ya 'awlādī walħawā'u fil-layli, fatātun waṣabiyyun yarkudāni kafarāšatin taħlamu 'annahā fatātun waṣabiyyun yahħamāni 'annahumā farāšatun tamazzakat fi-lkhārij ya 'awlādī farāša.

Unsi al-Hajj
English: Gila Abrahamson

Unsi (a)l-Hajj

The phonetic signs for the special consonants are listed according to the order of their appearance in the song.

Phonetic Key

ḥ	voiceless pharyngeal fricative consonant ¹	kh	as ch in German Buch
'	glottal stop	j	as j in Jack
š	as sh in ship	ā	long a
ķ	uvular k	ū	long u
‘	voiced pharyngeal consonant ²	ī	long i
dħ	as th in English this		
s	emphatic s ³		
d	emphatic d ³		
z	as z in English zoo		

Score in C

SONG IV

Tsippi Fleischer
(1977 / 2012)

light $\text{♩} = 110$ or a little slower

1

Flute I

Flute II/Fl. Alto

Oboe

English Horn

Clarinet in B♭ I

Clarinet in B♭ II

2 Bassoons

Gong medium

Piano Mallets on Piano

1 middle high

Always touch only once!! with one/both mallets according to what is written. When with both mallets- hold mallets and swift/act (=play) in contradictial direction, in the length of one bar with pedal on strings (sound will continue naturally).

Harp

Soprano

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Violoncello

Double Bass

mp "mp" 8va L.V.

HA - LI - MAT FA - TA - - - TUN - 'AN - NA HA - FA - RA -

10

Fl. I

Fl. II

Ob.

E. Hn.

Cl. in B \flat I

Cl. in B \flat II

2 Bns

Glock.

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

D. B.

p leggiero

p leggiero

take Alto Fl.

p

mp L.V.

mp L.V.

10

- SA - TUN WA - KA - MAT FA - LAM TA - 'UD TA' - RI - FU 'I - DHA KA - NAT FA - TA - TAN HA - LI -

6
38

A Tempo

Fl. I

Alto Fl.

Ob.

E. Hn.

Cl. in B♭ I

Cl. in B♭ II

2 Bns

Pno

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

with one mallet
low

"p-mp"

L.V.

38 (mp)

LA LA LA A BA'DA MI - 'A - TIN MIN-

47

Fl. I

Alto Fl.

Ob.

E. Hn.

Cl. in B♭ I

Cl. in B♭ II

2 Bns

Pno

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

NAS - SI - NIN

YA - AW - LA

DI

WAL - HA - WA

U

FIL - LAY -

L.V.
p

8

56

Fl. I

Alto Fl.

Ob.

E. Hn.

Cl. in B♭ I

Cl. in B♭ II

2 Bns

Glock.

Hp

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

leggiero
3 3 3 3 3

p *mp*

p *mp*

p *mp*

p *mp*

p *mp*

p *mp*

p

p

p

p

p

p

mp

mp

mp-*mf*

L.V.

mp-*mf* *L.V.*

LI FA-TA-TUN WA-SA-BIY-YUN YAR-KU-DA NI KA-FA-RA

recitations in all Vlns and Vlas - free rapid repetitions, extremely not symmetrical between all Vln's and Vla's

p *mp* *p* *pp*

p *mp* *p* *pp*

p *mp* *p* *pp*

80

Fl. I

Ob.

E. Hn.

Cl. in B \flat I

Cl. in B \flat II

2 Bns

Gong

Pno

Hp f ff L.V.

Sop.

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl. div.

TA - MAZ - ZA - KAT FIL - KHA - RI - JI YA 'AW-LA DI FA -

recitations in all Vlns - free rapid repetitions, extremely not symmetrical between all Vln's.

12
 89

meno mosso

Fl. II
Ob.
E. Hn.
Cl. in B \flat I
Cl. in B \flat II
2 Bns
Pno
Hp
Sop.
Vln I
Vln II
Vla

Alto Fl.

p
p
p
p
p
p
on strings middle
"p"
mf L.V.
mp
p

RA - ŠA FA - RA - - - ŠA YA - 'AW - LA - - - DI - FA -

97

Fl. I
Fl. II
Ob.
E. Hn
Cl. in B♭ I
Cl. in B♭ II
2 Bns

Pno

Sop.

Vln I
Vln II
Vla
Vcl. div.
D. B.

Measure 97:

- Flute I: Sustained note
- Flute II: Sustained note
- Oboe: Sustained note
- English Horn: Sustained note
- Clarinet in B♭ I: Sustained note
- Clarinet in B♭ II: Sustained note
- Bassoon: Sustained note
- Piano: Dynamics: **p**, **pp**
- Soprano: Lyrics: RA, ŠA, FA, RA, ŠA, FA - RA, ŠA, TUN

Measure 98:

- Piano: Dynamics: **"pp"**, **"pp"**, **"ppp"**
- Violin I: Rapid permutations
- Violin II: Rapid permutations
- Cello: Rapid permutations
- Double Bass: Dynamics: **pp**
- Double Bassoon: Dynamics: **pp**